

**BHARTIYA SHIKSHA BOARD**  
**UNIT TEST – TERM I**  
**SOCIAL SCIENCE – CLASS VI**  
**SESSION 2026-27**

**Time: 1 Hour**

**Max Marks: 20**

**GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:**

- Read the questions carefully.
- Please check that this question paper contains **04** printed pages.
- 10 minutes of extra time has been allotted to read this question paper. During this time, students will not start writing the answers.
- This question paper contains 14 questions. All questions are compulsory, except where internal choice is provided.
- The question paper is divided into 5 sections- A, B, C, D and E.
- **Section A:** Q.no 1 to 5 are multiple Choice Questions (MCQs). Each question carries 01 mark.
- **Section B:** Q.no 6 and 7 are Assertion- Reason based Questions. Each question carries 01 mark.
- **Section C:** Q.no 8 to 10 are Short Answer Type questions with an internal choice. Candidates are required to attempt only two of these questions. Each question carries 02 marks.
- **Section D:** Q.no 11 to 13 are Long Answer Type questions with an internal choice. Candidates are required to attempt only two of these questions. Each question carries 03 marks.
- **Section E:** Q no 14 is a passage based Case Study question carrying 03 marks.

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**SECTION A**

**(5\*1)**

- Q1.** Sara has come to Delhi to stay for a few days with her uncle and aunt during summer vacations. She wants to go for local sight-seeing on her own using public transportation. Which of these maps would help her locate the bus routes and metro stations in the city?
- (a) Physical Map  
(b) Cultural Map  
(c) Transit Map  
(d) Climate Map
- Q2.** The world famous agricultural scientist known for starting and leading the Green Revolution in Bharat was:
- (a) Verghese Kurien  
(b) M S Swaminathan  
(b) Albert Einstien  
(d) Vandana Shiva

**Q3.** Concept of equality means that to achieve our goals and ambitions we all should receive-:

- (a) Similar treatment but different opportunities
- (b) Similar treatment and opportunities
- (c) Special treatment but different opportunities.
- (d) Different treatment and different opportunities

**Q4.** Match the following correctly-:

**Column A**

- (A) Limestone caves
- (B) Coral Islands
- (C) Delta
- (D) Cold desert

**Column B**

- (1) Ladakh
- (2) Meghalaya
- (3) Lakshadweep
- (4) Sunderbans

- (a) (A)-1,(B)-2,(C)-3,(D)-4
- (b) (A)-2,(B)-3,(C)- 4,(D)-1
- (c) (A)-3,(B)-2,(C)- 4,(D)-1
- (d) (A)-4,(B)-3,(C)- 2,(D)-1

**Q5.** Which of the following statements is not true about the Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA)?

- (a) It guarantees “right to work”
- (b) It provides 100 days of wage employment every year.
- (c) It is extended to every household in rural areas.
- (d) It guarantees minimum level of literacy to children in rural areas.

**SECTION – B**

**(2\*1)**

*For Question number 6 and 7, two statements are given- one labelled as **Assertion (A)** and the other labelled as **Reason (R)**. Select the correct answer to these questions from the options given under each question:*

**Q6. Assertion (A):** Central and State governments run schemes for the welfare of the weak and deprived sections of the society.

**Reason (R):** Directive Principles of State Policy (DPSP), Part IV of the Constitution talks about welfare state.

- (a) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- (b) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
- (c) (A) is correct but (R) is incorrect
- (d) (R) is correct but (A) is incorrect.

- Q7. Assertion (A):** The Peninsular Plateau is known as the granary of the country.  
**Reason (R):** The minerals found in abundance in the Peninsular Plateau helped in industrialization of the country.
- (a) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
  - (b) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
  - (c) (A) is correct but (R) is incorrect
  - (d) (R) is correct but (A) is incorrect.

### **SECTION C**

**(2\*2)**

- Q8.** Given below are two examples of data, classify them as primary or secondary source of data. Give reason for your answer.
- (1) Letters written by soldiers during World War II.
  - (2) A documentary showcasing violence during the times of partition.
- Q9.** Why are the Northern Plains called the “granaries of India”? Name any two earliest cities that flourished in these plains.
- Q10.** Mark the following on the physical map of India-:
- (1) Thar Desert
  - (2) The Great Himalayas

### **SECTION D**

**(2\*3)**

- Q11.** Who began the practice of ‘Langar’? Give two reasons how langar helped in promoting equality among different sections of the society.
- Q12.** What do you mean by ‘data’? Explain in detail any 3 means by which data can be organised and presented.
- Q13.** A flowchart is a visual diagram showing the steps in any process from the beginning to the end using process boxes, flow lines/ arrows and other symbols. Prepare a simple flowchart for planning a school trip to National museum or a monument located in your city.

### **SECTION E**

**(3\*1)**

- Q14.** Read the case study given below and answer the questions that follow.

#### **Successful Women Farmers in Allied-Agricultural Activities**

From Jhansi, the heart of Bundelkhand, emerges a transformative story where women come together to gain strength and prosperity through collective efforts in the dairy industry. Over 63000 women of Self Help Group (SHGs) from seven districts come together to form Balinee Milk Producers Company Limited, a testament to their transformative journey.

The group's special focus on empowering women as milk producers, with the use of technology, has enhanced their status within communities which has promoted gender equality and social cohesion. Direct and timely payments, coupled with capacity building opportunities, significantly improved the economic well-being of members. Seeing the success of the group, the Uttar Pradesh government has also announced a Mahila Samarthya Yojana of Rs. 200 Cr. in the Budget 2021-22 to promote women empowerment and entrepreneurship.

**Q14.1** With which industry are the Women Self Help Group (SHG) of Jhansi associated?

**Q14.2** What improved the economic well-being of the members of the SHG?

**Q14.3** What did improve the economic well-being of the members of SHG?